



**Alveley Primary School
Member of the Bridgnorth Area Schools' Trust**

Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy

FREQUENCY OF REVIEW:	Annually
APPROVED:	November 2016
DATE OF NEXT REVIEW:	November 2017 unless there is a material change

This policy reflects current legislation, accepted best practice and complies with the government guidance: Working Together to Safeguard Children (WT) March 2015 and Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE) September 2016

Important contact details

The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) Paul O'Malley

Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSLs) Sarah Wood
Sally Green

Safeguarding and child protection Link Governor Richard Mason

Looked after children (LAC) Link Governor Richard Mason

If concerned about a child or behaviour of an adult phone Shropshire Council Dedicated Safeguarding Line

First Point of Contact (FPOC) (Compass and Initial Contact Team) 0345 678 9021

Designated Officer in the Local Authority – LADO 0345 678 9021
lado@shropshire.gov.uk

Shropshire Out of hours Emergency Duty Team 0345 678 9040

Public Protection Unit (West Mercia Police) 0300 333 3000

Police Emergency 999

Police Non-emergency 101

ChildLine: 0800 1111

<http://www.safeguardingshropshireschildren.org.uk/scb/>

Introduction

At Alveley Primary School, the Governors and staff fully recognise the contribution the school makes to safeguarding children. We recognise that the safety and protection of all pupils is of paramount importance and that all staff, including volunteers, have a full and active part to play in protecting pupils from harm.

We believe that we should provide a caring, positive, safe and stimulating environment which promotes all pupils' social, physical, emotional and moral development

Ultimately, effective safeguarding of children can only be achieved by putting children at the centre of the system, and by every individual and agency playing their full part, working together to meet the needs of our most vulnerable children in line with Working Together 2015 and Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE) 2016

The aim of this policy is to:

- Ensure that the pupils' development is supported in ways that will foster security, confidence and independence.
- Raise the awareness of teachers, non-teaching staff and volunteers of the need to safeguard children and of their responsibilities in identifying and reporting possible cases of abuse
- Confirm the structured procedures to be followed by all members of the Alveley school community in cases of suspected harm or abuse.
- Emphasise the need for good levels of communication between all members of staff and those with designated responsibility for child protection, health and safety and other safeguarding responsibilities.
- Emphasise the appropriate safeguarding and child protection policies, procedures and arrangements of those service providers who use the school's premises through extended schools or provide any other before and after school activities or who are connected to the school through the MAT.

This policy will have consideration for, and be in compliance with, the following legislation, statutory guidance and key information

- 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' statutory guidance for schools and colleges, 2016 Department for Education (DfE)
- Shropshire Safeguarding Children Board (SSCB) online procedures
- Working Together to Safeguard Children' 2015
- The "Prevent" Duty July 2015
- Shropshire Safeguarding Children Board (SSCB) Threshold Guidance Document
- Ofsted Common 'Inspection framework: safeguarding in maintained schools and academies' September 2015
- Early Years Foundation Stage Statutory Framework (EYFS) 2014

Responsibilities

i. The Governing Body will ensure that:

- A trained Link Governor is appointed for safeguarding and child protection and Looked After Children (LAC) who will attend training/updates every three years.
- A member of the Governing Body is nominated to liaise with the local authority and/or partner agencies on issues of child protection and, in the event of allegations of abuse made against the Head of School or Executive Headteacher.
- The school has a safeguarding and child protection policy and staff behaviour policy which should include amongst other things staff/pupil relationships and communications including the use of social media.

- Schools create a culture of safe recruitment and, as part of that, adopt recruitment procedures that help deter, reject or identify people who might abuse children (Part three: Safer Recruitment. Keeping Children Safe in Education 2016). Also, to ensure that procedures for dealing with allegations against staff and volunteers in accordance with Shropshire Safeguarding Children Board (SSCB) are followed.
- At least one member of an appointed panel will have attended safer recruitment training.
- A member of staff of the school or college's leadership team is appointed to the role of DSL.
- The school keeps a single central record that as a minimum evidences the following: All staff have been employed in compliance with safer recruitment requirements (Part three KCSIE 2016)
 - Date of employment
 - Identity confirmed with date
 - Qualifications checked with date
 - Prohibition from teaching check with date (for teaching staff)
 - Barred list check with date
 - Enhanced Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) check with date
 - Eligibility to work in the UK with date
 - Checks confirmed by and date
- The adequacy of resources committed to child protection, and the staff and Governor training profile is regularly monitored.
- It is recognised that neither it, nor individual Governors, have a role in dealing with individual cases or have a right to know details of cases (except when exercising their disciplinary functions in respect of allegations against staff)
- The child protection policy is available to parents on request and that this policy and practice complements other policies e.g. anti-bullying (including cyber-bullying, peer on peer abuse, health and safety, drug,) to ensure safeguarding.

Professional development

The Governors will ensure that:

- all staff and volunteers who work with pupils aged up to 18 years have appropriate child protection training that equips them to recognise and respond to pupil welfare concerns.
- Staff are provided with mandatory induction, to include familiarisation with the safeguarding and child protection policy, staff behaviour policy, the DSL in the school, their responsibilities and the procedures to be followed.
- all staff read at least part one of KCSIE 2016 ,
- they monitor when and how often child protection and safeguarding training (including multi-agency training) that has been undertaken by staff and Governors within the last three years to ensure their knowledge and skills are current.

All of the above needs to be reported to Governors in the form of:

- a report of the school's training needs assessment presented to the Governors annually so that they can ensure that training is appropriately provided for all staff.
- a training register kept to indicate when staff and Governors have been trained including safer recruitment and this will in turn inform the *annual* report to Governors.

ii. The Head of School will ensure that:

- the policies and procedures adopted by the Governing Body are followed by all staff.
- the policy is updated annually, and be available publicly via the school or college website or by other means.
- DSLs review the six monthly updates of the SSCB procedures.
- sufficient resources and time are allocated to enable the DSL, deputy DSLs and other staff to discharge their responsibilities including taking part in strategy discussions and other multi-agency meetings, to contribute to the assessment and support of children and young people, and be appropriately trained.
- a list of all staff and volunteers, and their safeguarding training dates is maintained.
- all staff and volunteers feel able to raise their concerns about poor and unsafe practice in regard of pupils, and that such concerns are addressed in a timely manner in accordance with agreed policies.
- he/she undergoes child protection training which is updated regularly, in line with advice from the LSCB

Allegations against the Head of School

Where an allegation is made against the Head of School or Executive Headteacher this should be referred to the Chair of Governors, as well as the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO).

The role of the Chair of Governors, for Safeguarding Child Protection shall include:

- Monitoring of procedures relating to liaison with the LADO, Children's Social Care and the Police in relation to any allegations of child abuse made against the Head of School or Executive Headteacher, including attendance at relevant meetings.

They will:

- have their roles explicitly defined in their job descriptions.
- be given sufficient time, funding, supervision and support to fulfil their child welfare and safeguarding responsibilities effectively.
- ensure DSL and deputies undergo updated child protection training every two years.
- liaise in accordance with the SSCB procedures when referring a pupil where there are concerns about possible abuse or harm.
- contact the LADO where there are concerns about a member of staff being involved in allegations of abuse or harm.
- be able to access the contents of the SSCB procedures and Personnel procedures (*on Shropshire Learning Gateway*) updated and make these accessible to all staff
- ensure all staff, including supply teachers, visiting professionals working with pupils in the school and volunteers are informed of the names and contact details of the DSL and deputies and the school's procedures for safeguarding children.
- support staff who attend strategy meetings and/or case conferences
- support staff and volunteers, who may find safeguarding issues upsetting or stressful, by enabling them to talk through their anxieties and to seek further support from the school leadership group or others as appropriate.
- ensure involvement of other lead professionals e.g. where there are concerns about any pupil including those who are LAC.

They will also ensure that:

- written records of concerns are kept, even if there is no immediate need for referral; and monitored using the Early Help Assessment Framework (EHAF)
- all child protection records are marked as such and kept securely locked, and if these are stored electronically, that they are differently password protected from the pupils' other files, and accessible only by the headteacher/DSL
- pupil records are kept separately, and marked as appropriate to indicate other confidential records are being held elsewhere
- all absence letters are dated and clearly signed by a teacher/tutor and that, if there are concerns about attendance and a pupil's wellbeing and safety, the Education Welfare Officer is contacted
- if a pupil has a Child Protection Plan, and is absent without explanation for two days, their key worker in Safeguarding is contacted.
- phone calls in relation to absences are similarly logged and dated.
- records are monitored for patterns of absence and appropriate action is taken.
- where there are existing concerns about a pupil, and they transfer to another school in this authority, the information held e.g. an EHAF is forwarded under confidential cover and separate from the pupil's main file to the DSL for child protection in the receiving school.
- where a pupil has a **child protection plan** and transfers to another school or college, or to the Social/Children's Services within a new authority, or if the pupil is transferring to a school in another authority which has not yet been identified:
 - the DSL of the new school/college is informed immediately.
 - their child protection file is transferred as soon as possible. This should be transferred separately from the main pupil file, ensuring secure transit and confirmation of receipt should be obtained.

Prevention in the Curriculum

- Our school recognises the importance of developing pupils' awareness of behaviour that is unacceptable towards them and others, and how they can help keep themselves and others safe.
- The PSHE programme *in each key stage* provides personal development opportunities for pupils to learn about keeping safe and who to ask for help if their safety is threatened. As part of developing a healthy, safer lifestyle, pupils are taught to, for example:
 - safely explore their own and others' attitudes.
 - recognise and manage risks in different situations and how to behave responsibly.
 - judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable and unacceptable.
 - recognise when pressure from others (including people they know) threatens their personal safety and well-being and develop effective ways of resisting pressure, including knowing when and where to get help.
 - use assertiveness techniques to resist unhelpful pressure.
 - the importance of Internet safety

iii. All staff, teaching and non-teaching, volunteers and others working in school must:

- be aware that to safeguard children, they have a duty to share information with the DSL and through the DSL, with other agencies.
- always speak to the DSL. In exceptional circumstances, such as in emergency or a genuine concern, that appropriate action has not been taken, staff members can speak directly to children's social care.
- be alert to signs and symptoms of harm and abuse (highlighted in Part 1, KCSIE)
- know how to respond to their duty when they have concerns or when a pupil discloses to them and to act
- know what and how to record concerns.
- undergo child protection training which is updated regularly, in line with advice from the SSCB. (*Whole staff training every three years*).
- maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here'

Immediate response when a pupil discloses:

It is vital that our actions do not abuse the pupil further or prejudice further enquiries, for example:

- Listen to the pupil, if you are shocked by what is being said, try not to show it.
- It is OK to observe bruises but not to ask a pupil to remove their clothing to observe them.
- If a disclosure is made:
 - Accept what the pupil says.
 - Stay calm, the pace should be dictated by the pupil without them being pressed for detail by asking leading questions such as “what did s/he do next?” It is our role to listen, not to investigate.
 - Use open questions such as “is there anything else you want to tell me?” or “yes?” or “and?”
 - Be careful not to burden the pupil with guilt by asking questions like “why didn’t you tell me before?”
 - Acknowledge how hard it was for the pupil to tell you.
 - Do not criticise the perpetrator, the pupil might have a relationship with them.
 - Do not promise confidentiality. Reassure the pupil that they have done the right thing, explain whom you will have to tell (the DSL) and why and, depending on the pupil’s age, what the next stage will be. It is important that you avoid making promises that you cannot keep such as “I’ll stay with you all the time” or “It will be all right now”.

Recording information

- Make some brief notes at the time or immediately afterwards; record the date, time, place and context of disclosure or concern, facts and not assumption or interpretation.
- If it is observation of bruising or an injury, try to record detail, e.g. “right arm above elbow”. Alternatively use a ‘body map’ to indicate which area of the body has injuries/bruises. Do not take photographs
- Note the non-verbal behaviour and the key words in the language used by the pupil (try not to translate into ‘proper terms’).
- It is important to keep these original notes and pass them on to the DSL who may ask you to write a referral.

Supporting pupils

- The staff and Governors recognise that a child or young person who is abused or witnesses violence may find it difficult to develop and maintain a sense of self-worth. We recognise that in these circumstances pupils might feel helpless and humiliated, and that they might feel self-blame.
- We recognise that this school might provide the only stability in the lives of pupils who have been abused or who are at risk of harm.
- We accept that research shows that the behaviour of a pupil in these circumstances might range from that which is perceived to be normal to aggressive or withdrawn.
- The school will support all pupils by:
 - discussing child protection cases with due regard in order to safeguard the pupil and his or her family.
 - supporting individuals who are, or thought to be, in need or at risk in line with SSCB procedures.
 - encouraging self-esteem and self-assertiveness.
 - challenging and not condoning aggression, bullying or discriminatory behaviour.
 - promoting a caring, safe and positive environment.
 - gaining access to an interpreter, if required, to ensure the voice of the child is heard.

Confidentiality

- A pupil's views will be considered by the DSL in deciding whether to inform the pupil's family, particularly where the pupil is sufficiently mature to make informed judgements about the issues, and about giving consent for information sharing.
- The personal information about all pupils' families is regarded by those who work in this school as confidential. All staff and volunteers need to be aware of the confidential nature of personal information and will aim to maintain this confidentiality.
- Staff understand that they need know only enough to prepare them to act with sensitivity to a pupil and to refer concerns appropriately. The DSL and Head of School will disclose information about a pupil to other members of staff on a need to know basis only. It is inappropriate to provide all staff with detailed information about the pupil, the incident, the family and the consequent actions.

Staff must be aware that:

- they cannot promise [a pupil] complete confidentiality, instead they must explain that they may need to pass information to other professionals to help keep the pupil or other pupils safe.
- where there are concerns about [a pupil's] welfare, relevant agencies need to be involved at an early stage. If a member of staff or a volunteer has concerns about [a pupil's] welfare, or if a pupil discloses that s/he is suffering abuse or reveals information that gives grounds for concern, the member of staff should speak to their DSL with a view to passing on the information.

Working with parents/carers

- Parents and carers play an important role in protecting their children from harm.
- In most cases, the school will discuss concerns about a pupil with the family and, where appropriate, seek consent to making contact with Compass regarding concerns for the welfare or protection of children.
- The school aims to help parents understand that the school, like all others, has a duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of all pupils. The school may need to share information and work in partnership with other agencies when there are concerns about a pupil's welfare.
- The pupil's views will be considered in deciding whether to inform the family, particularly where the pupil is sufficiently mature to make informed judgements about the issues, and about consenting to that.

Specific safeguarding issues:

To ensure that our pupils are protected from harm, we need to understand what types of behaviour constitute abuse and neglect (Annex A). Staff are made aware of specific safeguarding issues (listed below) through child protection training, reading up to date guidance such as Keeping Children Safe in Education July 2016 and accessing SSCB procedures at <http://www.safeguardingshropshireschildren.org.uk>.

Schools are to ensure that the DSL is continually updated in all areas below. They must be familiar with the referral pathways and specific toolkits and guidance available on the SSCB website.

Expert and professional organisations are best placed to provide up-to-date guidance and practical support on specific safeguarding issues. For example information for schools and colleges can be found on the TES, MindEd and the NSPCC websites. School and college staff can access government guidance as required on the issues listed below via GOV.UK and other government websites.

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| ○ Bullying including cyberbullying | ○ Faith abuse | ○ Missing children and adults strategy |
| ○ Children missing education | ○ Female genital mutilation (FGM) | ○ Private fostering |
| ○ Child missing from home or care | ○ Forced marriage | ○ Preventing radicalisation |
| ○ Child sexual exploitation (CSE) | ○ Gangs and youth violence | ○ Relationship abuse |
| ○ Domestic violence | ○ Gender-based violence/violence against women and girls (VAWG) | ○ Sexting |
| ○ Drugs | ○ Hate | ○ Trafficking |
| ○ Fabricated or induced illness | ○ Mental health | |

Protecting children from radicalisation “Prevent Duty”

- Our school promotes tolerance and harmony between different cultural traditions; we teach a broad and balanced curriculum which promotes the spiritual, moral and cultural development of pupils and prepares them for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of life. The school promotes community cohesion and safeguards against biased or unbalanced teaching and the promotion of partisan political views and ensure that when political or controversial issues are brought to pupils’ attention, they are offered a balanced presentation of opposing views.
- Government guidance on radicalisation is followed; a link to the “Prevent” government strategy is available on the Shropshire Learning Gateway

Children Missing Education

Our school has in place appropriate safeguarding responses to ensure effective recording of children who go missing from education, particularly on repeat occasions, to help identify the risk of abuse and neglect including sexual abuse or Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and to help prevent the risks of their going missing in future. Detailed risk assessments are to be completed as appropriate ie SSCB Child Sexual Exploitation Guidance for practitioners; Appendices 1 and 2 (Risk Identification form).

The Purpose and Importance of Mobile Phone/Smart Device and Camera Policy

Alveley School recognises that staff may need to have access to mobile phones on site during the working day. However, there have been a number of queries raised within the local authority and nationally regarding the use of mobile phones and other devices in educational settings.

The concerns are mainly based around these issues:

- Staff being distracted from their work with children
- The use of mobile phones around children
- The inappropriate use of mobile phones

Ensuring the Safe and Appropriate Use of Mobile Phones

Alveley School allows staff to bring in mobile phones for their own personal use. However, they must be kept in the staffroom, in the office of the Head of School or in the Administrator’s office at all times and are not allowed to be used in the toilets, changing rooms or in the play areas at any time. If staff fail to follow this guidance, disciplinary action will be taken in accordance to the school staff code of conduct. If staff need to make an emergency call, they must do so either in the Administrator’s office or the office of the Head of School. Staff must ensure that there is no inappropriate or illegal content on the device.

Mobile phone technology may not be used to take photographs anywhere within the nursery/school grounds. There are digital cameras and tablets available within the nursery/school and only these should be used to record visual information within the consent criteria guidelines of the local authority and the nursery/school.

Members of staff may only contact a parent/carer on school approved mobile phones.

Pupils should not use mobile phones within the school grounds and should not bring a mobile phone into school.

Use of Mobile Phones for Volunteers and Visitors

Upon their initial visit, volunteers and visitors are given information informing them they are not permitted to use mobile phones on the premises. If they wish to make or take an emergency call they may use either the Administrator’s office or the office of the Head of School. Neither are volunteers or visitors permitted to take photographs or recordings of the children without the permission of the Head of School.

Important contact details of the children are kept on the school’s mobile phone in case of an emergency.

We believe that photographs validate children’s experiences and achievements and are a valuable way of recording milestones in a child’s life. Parental permission for the different ways in which we use photographs is gained as part of the initial registration at Alveley. We take a mixture of photos that reflect the pre-school environment; sometimes this will be when children are engrossed in an activity either on their own or with their peers. Children are encouraged to use the camera to take photos of their peers.

In order to safeguard children and adults and to maintain privacy, cameras are not to be taken into the toilets by adults or children. All adults whether teachers/practitioners or volunteers at Alveley School understand the difference between appropriate and inappropriate sharing of images. All images are kept securely in compliance with the Data Protection Act

Other policies that need to be taken into account are:

- *Anti-bullying/peer on peer abuse and discrimination*
- *PSHE*
- *Drugs*
- *Confidentiality*
- *Behaviour and Attendance*
- *Special Needs*
- *Health and Safety*
- *Safe Recruitment*
- *Physical intervention*
- *E-safety*
- *Management of Allegations*
- *Intimate Care*
- *Medical Needs*
- *Staff conduct policy (Code of Conduct)*
- *Whistle Blowing*

The Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy has been adopted by the Alveley Primary School Local Governing Body

Signed _____ Dated _____
Chair of Alveley Primary School Local Governing Body

Signed _____ Dated _____
Head of School